# Exam of "Mathematics for Economists", Pisa 26/02/2014

Solve the following exercises, motivating your answers. Please notice that: you can keep with you the notes and the textbook of the course, but no other books are allowed; you can use a pocket/scientific calculator, but any device able to perform symbolic computation is not allowed; at the end of the exam, you are required to deliver all the paper (draft included) to the supervisor.

## Exercise 1

Let  $\mathbb{N}$  be the set of natural numbers and  $\mathbb{O} \subset \mathbb{N}$  the set of odd numbers. Prove that the set  $B = \{\{n, n+1\} | n \in \mathbb{O}\} \subseteq 2^{\mathbb{N}}$  is the base of a topology. Let  $X = (\mathbb{N}, T)$  be the topological space generated by B. In X consider the set  $A = \{2, 3, 4\}$  and find its interior, its boundary and its derivative set.

## Exercise 2

Consider the sequence defined by recursion

$$\begin{cases} a_1 &= \sqrt{2} \\ a_{n+1} &= \sqrt{2+a_n} \end{cases}.$$

Prove that the sequence converges and compute its limit. *Hint: Remember what you know about increasing sequences bounded from above.* 

#### Exercise 3

Consider the power series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{2^n + 1}$$

Prove that the series is convergent for x = 1 and divergent for x = 2. Compute its radius of convergence.

### Exercise 4

Let a and b be two positive real numbers lower than 1, with a < b. Find the measure  $\alpha(x)$  such that for any function f continuous in [0, 1] it is

$$\int_0^1 d\alpha(x) f(x) = f(a) + f(b) + \int_a^b dx f(x) \; .$$

Is the measure  $\alpha(x)$  unique? Can the property above be extended to all Riemann integrable functions in [0, 1]?

#### Exercise 5

Consider the function  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  defined by

$$f(x,y) = x^2 \, \int_0^y dt \, g(t)$$

where g(t) is a continuous function on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Find the domain of definition of f(x, y). Is the function f(x, y) continuous? Is it differentiable? Prove that (0,0) is a critical points of f(x, y). What assumptions on g are necessary for (0,0) to be a local minimum?